iProcureNet 2024 Advanced Security Procurement Conference

26-27 March 2024
French Ministry of Interior and Overseas, Paris, France

JCBPP FEASIBILITY ANALYSIS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

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PROJECT FLOW AROUND THE FEASIBILITY ANALYSIS



FEASIBILITY ANALYSIS

Mapping and analysis of EU procurement environment



Feasibility analysis of the candidate list for JCBPP



Identification of financial tools and programmes

Analysis of legal environment

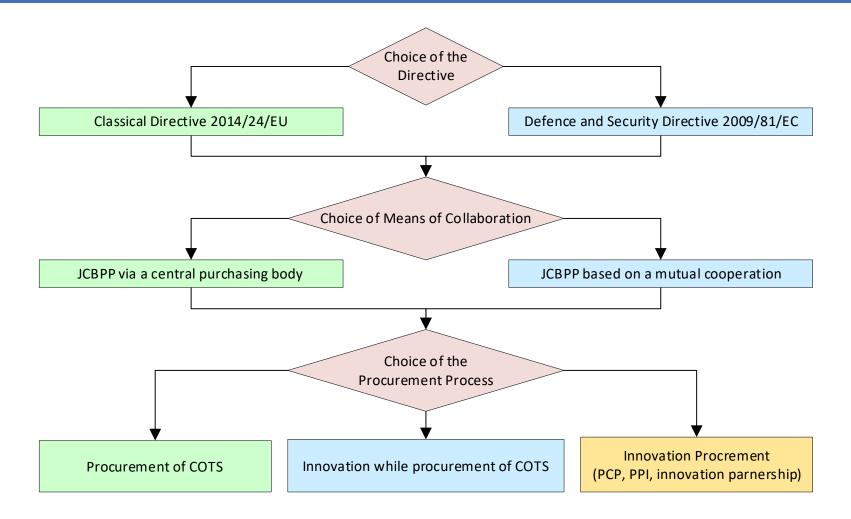




Feasibility
analysis for
the chosen
procurement
segments

Multi-factor feasibility analysis methodology development for the iProcureNet Toolbox

LEGAL ASSESSMENT FOR JCBPP



FROM COTS TO INNOVATION

1st Cycle

2nd Cycle

3rd Cycle

COTS +
Procurement of Innovation

Procurement of Innovation

Procurement plans

Procurement plans + collection of needs

Collection of needs

REVISED LIST #3 FOR THE

- Drone/antidrone solutions
 - Identifying and taking control of unknown UAVs and other devices
 - Protection against unauthorised use of drones
 - Drone management and antidrone control
- Drones
 - Unmanned aircraft systems
 - Sensors and Robotics
- Cybersecurity
- Video protection

- Big data analysis
 - Analysis of data in real time
 - Customisation of solutions
- Artificial Intelligence (AI)
 - Applications using Al for search and rescue mission
 - Use of AI for in the analysis of data
 - Al to support criminal investigation
- Hypervision systems
- Climate change and its consequences

IDENTIFICATION OF FINANCIAL TOOLS AND PROGRAMMES

EU Research Programmes, e. g., Horizon Europe; PCP, PPI Specific programmes for internal security and public safety e.g., ISF, AMIF, BMVI, CCEI, UCPM, rescEU

Other EU research programmes:

- ITER, InvestEU, ... for AI, big data, cyber;
- EU4Health, ESF+, Erasmus+;
- EU Heading 3: LIFE, etc.

Heading 5 – Security Policy Cluster, Defence Policy Cluster.

National budget, National research funds

Bilateral Funds and Cooperation

ESTABLISHING OF BUYERS' GROUPS

Clarification of common interests & establishing of a buyers' group

Forming of cooperation structure

Choice of the applicable law, financing sources and the procurement framework

Preparation of the JCBPP: market consultation; preparation of documents

Conducting the JCBPP

FINDINGS

- 1. The LEA practitioners' needs stepwise moved from procurement of COTS towards procurement of innovation
- 2. Procurement of innovation is complex, but resultful when carefully planned
- 3. JCBPP is time consuming, therefore needs good networking between practitioners to agree on all necessary details
- 4. EU research funding encourages PCP and PPI initiatives for security sector,
 - however, the practitioners consider the participation carefully

CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

- JCBPP is still not common in internal security and safety domain
- Practice in procurement of innovation is slowly increasing
- The practice in other public domains (inluding defence domain) and also in municipalities (e.g., PPP) could be studied both regarding JCBPP and procurement of innovation
- Wide area of programmes, not only directly securityoriented funds, could be considered for potential funding
- Connections and ongoing networking is crucial in order to be ready for fast JCBPP when suitable and beneficial

THANK YOU!

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This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No 32875.